

Overview: California Children's Services (CCS) Program

Senate Committee on Health Oversight Hearing

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What CCS Is: Its Functions

- Serves 4 major functions for the children of California
- 1. Case Management
- 2. Case Finding/Diagnostic Services
- 3. Rehabilitative Services in the Medical Therapy Program
- 4. Quality Assurance/Standards for Regionalized Specialty Care



Legislative History: How CCS Came To Be

- 1927: California Crippled Children's Act
- **1935**: Title V of the Social Security Act
- 1965: Title XIX Amendment to the Social Security Act
- **1967:** CCR Title 22/Section 51013
- 1978: Robert W. Crown California Children's Services Act



Legislative History: How CCS Became Linked to Medi-Cal Managed Care:

- 1980s-1990s: Federal Medicaid Waiver
- 1993: California Strategic Plan for the Expansion of Medicaid
- 1993 through 2015: Legislative Modifications Affecting CCS
 - 1. AB 616: Use of CCS Standards
 - 2. SB 1371: CCS Carve Out Established
 - 3. AB 187: Extension of the CCS Carve Out



Legislative History: How the CCS Pilots Came to Be:

- 2010: Bridges to Reform Demonstration Project
 - Section 1115 Waiver to Title XIX Amendment to the SSA
 - Granted to pilot projects aimed at lowering Medi-Cal costs by
 - focusing on 4 principal patient groups served by Medi-Cal
 - One of the groups was Children With Special Health Care Needs
 - One of the programs that served them was CCS

Current Pilots

- 1. San Mateo County: implemented in April 2013
- 2. San Diego County: in process



Eligibility for CCS: Differs Depending On the Service

Case Management:

- 1. Age: birth to 21 years
- 2. Residence: in a California County
- 3. Qualifying medical condition*
- 4. Financial threshold: full scope Medi-Cal beneficiary, adopted with a qualifying condition, AGI <\$40K or ≥20% AGI spent on the CCS condition

Case Finding/Diagnostic Services:

- 1. Age: birth to 21 years
- 2. Residence: in a California County
- 3. Identified through a screening program/high likelihood
- 4. No financial component



Eligibility for CCS: Differs Depending On the Service

- Medical Therapy Program
 - 1. Age: birth to 21 years
 - 2. Residence: in a California County
 - 3. Qualifying physically debilitating condition*
 - 4. No financial component
- CCS Special Care Centers & Approved Facilities/Paneled Providers
 - 1. Specifically authorized for CCS patients
 - 2. Available for any child cared for in a CCS approved facility



Eligibility for CCS: Regarding Medical Eligibility

- Condition Specific
- Established by the California Code of Regulations:
 - >Title 22, Division 2, Part 2, Subdivision 7, Chapter 3, Article 2, Sections 41515-41518.9 of the CA Health and Safety Code; >Revised July 2000
- Care coordination and case management of the whole child



How CCS Ensures Quality of Care & Delivers Services

- Specialized Case Management
 - 1. In the general program
 - 2. In the medical therapy program
- Provider Paneling
- Facility and Center Approvals
- Utilization Review of the Medical Therapy Units



CCS By The Numbers: The Patients

- Children Served in California:
 - 1. 180,000 to 185,000: in the general program
 - 2. ~23,000: in the medical therapy program
 - 3. Unlimited # of children: at any CCS approved facility

-Includes: 13 Children's Hospitals; 120 NICUs; 780 Special Care Centers

Insurance Coverage:

- 1. 80%: Medi-Cal: full coverage
- 2. 20%: "Straight CCS": includes children with
 - No insurance
 - Partial Medi-Cal coverage
 - Private insurance



CCS By The Numbers: The Program

Funding Sources:

General Program: Medical Therapy Program

>Federal: ~45% >State: 50%

>State: ~45% >County: 50%

County: ~10%

Annual Expenditure Estimates:

General Program: ~\$2 billion

Medical Therapy Program: ~\$125 million

Medical Loss Ratio: 92%: direct patient care

8%: administrative overhead



Thank You

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