

#### Survival of Juvenile Chinook Salmon Migrating through the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta

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#### 2 of 4 Salmon Runs are Threatened or Endangered

#### Possible Causes

Dams Habitat Loss Habitat Degradation Harvest **Hatcheries** Water Diversion Water Export Lack of run complexity **Ocean conditions** 

Location River Delta Estuary Ocean Life Stage Egg Fry Smolt Adult

#### "The Delta"

Complex network of natural and manmade channels

Historic wetlands: 2200 km<sup>2</sup> Channels: 700 miles

River inputs Tides Human actions

To Ocean

2

12 miles

12 km

### Water Management

- Water Exports - pumping stations

- Water Routing - Delta Cross Channel



# Estimating Survival with Acoustic Telemetry







# **Delta Survival Defined**

~75 km from Freeport to Chipps Island

To Ocean





Mainstem Sacramento River





Georgiana Slough





The Delta Cross Channel





Sutter and Steamboat slough





#### Survival Increases with River Flow Survival in Sacramento River



#### **USGS** From: Perry et al. 2016

# Survival Differs Among Migration Routes



Routing: 40 - 50% Sacramento 10 - 40% Sutter and Steamboat S. 10 - 40% Southern Delta

Is this "low" survival?

Snake / Columbia River:

- 50% survival
- 400 km + 7 dams



# Conclusions

- Insights
  - Where fish go
  - How they respond to water levels
  - Effects on survival
- Better understand salmon responses to
  - Drought
  - Climate

- Science to support management decisions

- Water quantity
- Water routing

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